## Art and Design Progression of Skills Wootton St Peter's

"The world is but a canvas to the imagination." Henry David Thoreau

| National Curriculum Overview |  |
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| Key Stage 1 | Key Stage 2 |
| Pupils should be taught: | Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control |
| $\partial$ To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products | and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an |
| $\partial$ To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, | increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. |
| experiences and imagination | Pupils should be taught: |
| $\partial$ To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, | $\partial$ To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to |
| pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space | review and revisit ideas |
| $\partial$ About the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, | $\partial$ To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including |
| describing the differences and similarities between different practices and | drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials, for example, |
| disciplines, and making links to their own work | pencil, charcoal, paint, clay |
|  | $\partial$ About great artists, architects and designers in history. |


| Drawing |  |  |  |
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| Nursery and Reception | Years 1 and 2 | Years 3 and 4 | Years 5 and 6 |
| - Use a range of media to make marks <br> - Express ideas and feelings through making marks <br> - Use and begin to control and range of media <br> - Draw on different surfaces and in different scales | - Experiment with a range of media: pencils, crayons, pastels, charcoal, chalks <br> - Name, match and draw lines and marks from observation <br> - Draw on different surfaces with a range of media | - Make marks and lines with a wide range of drawing implements - charcoal, pastel, chalk, pencil <br> - Experiment with ways in which surface detail can be added to drawings | - Work from a range of sources including observation and photographs <br> - Work in a sustained and independent way to create drawings <br> - Develop close observational skills using view finders |

- Produce lines of different thickness and tone using pencil
- Experiment with chalk to create pictures
- Start to produce different patterns and textures
- Create closed shapes with continuous lines
- Begin to use shapes to represent objects
- Draw with increasing complexity and detail
- Show different emotions in drawings
- Working from memory and imagination use line to create patterns and represent objects seen, remembered or imagined working spontaneously and expressively
- Observe and draw shapes from observation
- Make large and small scale observational drawings
- Look at objects from different angels.
- Use drawing tools with increased control to investigate marks and represent observations, memories with purpose and intention
- Draw carefully in line from observation, recording shape and positioning all marks and features with some care.
- Experiment tony by drawing light and dark patterns and light and dark shapes - using different grades of pencil as well as different amounts of pressure
- Investigate shading techniques, experimenting with light and dark.
- Experiment with chalk and charcoal. Make line and shape drawings adding light and dark tone, colour and features.
- Experiment with different grades of pencil to create lines and marks
- Experiment with different grades of pencils to draw different forms and shapes.
- Explore shading with different media to achieve a range of light and dark tones, black to white
- Apply simple use of pattern and texture in a drawing
- Draw objects from different viewpoints: above, below, front, back. Plan, refine and alter their drawings as necessary.
- Show in their drawings that objects have a third dimension
- Use different grades of pencils or other drawing implements to achieve variation in tone
- Apply tone to a drawing in a simple way
- Experiment with different shading techniques of hatching and cross hatching
- Use simple perspective in their work using a single focal point and horizon
- Show an awareness of proportion in drawing objects and figures
- Investigate how shadow can be shown when drawing objects
- Experiment with different shading techniques hatching, cross hatching, scrumbling, stippling and blending/ smudging
- Work from a range of sources including observation and photographs
- Work in a sustained and independent way to create detailed drawings
- Develop close observational skills using a variety of view finders
- Use different techniques for different purposes e.g. shading, hatching etc
- Develop an awareness of scale and proportion in their drawings of landscapes e.g. foreground, middle ground and background
- Explore colour mixing and blending techniques with coloured pencils
- Use a variety of dry and wet media to make marks, lines, patterns, textures and shapes

|  | Use a viewfinder to select a <br> section of a view or image and <br> record what is selected in the <br> frame. | Start to develop their own <br> style using tonal contract and <br> mixed media |
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| Nursery and Reception |
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| $\bullet \quad$ Use a variety of tools and | techniques to paint including every day and natural objects as well as fingers and other parts of their bodies

- Investigate mark making using thick brushes, sponge brushes for effects Recognise and name primary colours being used
- Mix colours to try to match those in a picture or on an object
- Explore working on different surfaces and in different ways
- Show different emotions in their paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc.
- Experiment with painting with different brush sizes and types Name the primary colours and identify them on a colour wheel and in other forms e.g. environment, magazines
- Mix primary colours to make secondary colours, predicting resulting colours
- Find collections of colours
- Explore lightening and darkening paint without the use of black or white
- Experiment with different types of paint - powder, ready mix
- Create textured paint by adding sand, plaster etc for an intended effect
- Work on different scales.
- Use a brush to produce marks appropriate to work e.g. small brush for small marks
- Control the types of marks made with a range of painting techniques e.g. layering, adding texture


## Years 5 and 6

- Confidently control types of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures
- Mix and match colours to create atmosphere and light effects
- Mix colours, shades, tones and tints with confidence
- Develop a painting from a drawing
- Use watercolour paints and small brushes to develop detail
- Compose using fore, middle and background
- Create images with lots of tone but using only one colour monochrome
- Work with sustained independence and confidence to develop their own style of painting
- Use a range of effects to convey mood/feeling in their work
- Mix colour, shades, tints and tones with confidence and to achieve an intended effect
P4
- Select and use different brushes to explore and make marks of different thicknesses and using wet and dry paint techniques
- Mix paint to make secondary colours, adding them to the colour wheel
- Know how to mix primary colours to make brown
- Explore adding white to a colour to make tints
- Explore adding black to a colour to make shades
- Mix and match colours to artefacts, objects, given colours
- Experiment with different types of paint and making own paint
- Create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for a task
- Use light and dark within painting and show understanding of complimentary colours
- Mix tints and shades with increasing confidence
- Experiment with creating tones - adding grey to a colour
- Investigate how artists use warm and cool colours create and use in own work building on understanding of tints and shades
- Look at how artists paint foregrounds and backgrounds for perspective
- Work with increasing detail, using appropriate brushes
- Work with a range of paints: poster, acrylic and watercolour and investigate effects
- Choose the type of paint and tools to use for a particular purpose e.g. watercolour for design work, washes, thick paint
- Create a painting from a drawing
- Use watercolour pencils
- Use painting techniques as part of a mixed media at project
- Explore how artists have used colour, texture and movement to express emotions e.g. in selfportraits

Printing

| Nursery and Reception | Years 1 and 2 | Years 3 and 4 | Years 5 and 6 |
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| - Make rubbings of the natural environment <br> - Print with a variety of natural and manmade objects | - Print with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. corks, pens, cotton reels, sponges | - Work in greater detail when relief printing - making printing blocks <br> - Use two colour overlays when relief printing | - Create designs for prints by simplifying initial drawings/sketches <br> - Extend printing methods using Collagraph (on card/lino) |

- Develop simple patterns by printing with objects
- Print with block colours
- Take rubbings to understand and inform their own textured prints and patterns
- Monoprint by marking into ink, or drawing onto the back of paper which has been placed on ink, controlling line and tone using tools or pressure
- Create repeating patterns
- Create simple relief printing blocks e.g. with string and card
- Make simple monochrome prints Experiment with overprinting motifs and colour
- Explore lines, marks, shapes and tones through monoprinting (using polystyrene tiles)
- Print with two colour overlays
- Create repeating patterns
- Design a complex pattern made up from two or more motifs and printed a tiled version
- Combine prints to produce an end piece
- Through printing show increasing use of tools to control line, shape, texture and tone
- Colour mix through printing, create prints with at least three colour overlays
- Use printing techniques as part of a multimedia project e.g. prints onto dyed fabrics


## Sculpture and Form

Nursery and Reception

- Explore a range of malleable media such as clay, papier mache, salt dough, play dough
- Impress and apply simple decoration
- Make 3D models from junk and natural materials
- Explore different materials freely, in order to develop ideas about how to use them and what to make.
- Develop their own ideas and decide which materials to use to express them.
- Join different materials and explore different textures.
- Refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.

Years 3 and 4

- Make 3D models by constructing materials and using Papier Mache and paint to add a final finish Plan, design and make models from observation or imagination
- Join clay, constructing a simple tile base and then layering/joining shapes onto it to create 3D form
- Manipulate clay to create a simple thumb pot
- Create surface patterns and textures onto clay looking at cultural decoration from historic time periods

Years 5 and 6

- Manipulate materials to make a new 3D form e.g. human figure
- Use covering materials such as Modroc or modelling clay to create 3D models Add final finishes to models using paint/glazing techniques
- Use clay to create a coil pot using joining techniques to add detail e.g. handles
- Use smoothing techniques to create a desired finish before painting

|  | malleable material e.g. adding <br> texture to a tile |  |  |
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| Textiles |  |  |  |
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| Nursery and Reception | Years 1 and 2 | Years 3 and 4 | Years 5 and 6 |
| - Decorate a piece of fabric <br> - Explore joining fabrics to make a simple picture or product <br> - Weave natural and manmade products <br> - Join different materials and explore different textures. <br> - Refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. | - Match and sort fabrics and threads for colour and texture <br> - Change and modify threads and fabrics - knotting, fraying, plaiting, twisting, pulling threads <br> - Cut and shape fabrics Join two pieces of fabric using stitching <br> - Add shapes with glue or stitching <br> - Apply decoration using beads, buttons, feathers etc <br> - Apply colour using printing, dying, fabric crayons <br> - Weave materials e.g. carrier bags or ribbon a bike wheel, natural materials on a weaving board looking at colour and texture | - Use a variety of techniques e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving, stitching to create different textural effects <br> - Extend understanding of joining fabrics by using more than one type of stitch (running and cross stitch) <br> - Experiment with adding detail to fabric by gluing or stitching <br> - Add colour and pattern to fabric using dyes, printing and resist paste and batik Weave paper and found materials to represent an image e.g. landscape | - Use fabric to create a 3D art form <br> - Use a number of different stitches creatively to join fabrics and create patterns/textures <br> - Use a range of techniques to add decoration e.g. plaiting, pinning, stapling, stitching, sewing <br> - Produce a two-colour dye <br> - Add colour and pattern to a fabric using batik with more than one colour <br> - Combine techniques to produce an end piece e.g. embroidery over tie dye |


| Collage |  |  |  |
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| Nursery and Reception | Years 1 and 2 | Years 3 and 4 | Years 5 and 6 |
| - Create simple collages using fabrics and materials, looking at colour and texture <br> - Join different materials and explore different textures. | - Create images from a variety of media e.g. magazines, fabric, crepe paper <br> - Arrange and glue materials to different backgrounds | - Develop skills of overlapping and overlaying to place objects in front or behind in a collage <br> - Experiment with techniques to make mosaics Experiment with creating mood, feeling, | - Experiment with a range of media to overlap and layer, creating interesting colours and textures and effects <br> - Embellish a surface using a variety of techniques, including drawing, painting and printing |

- Develop their own ideas and decide which materials to use to express them
- Create closed shapes and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.
- Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills
- Sort and group materials by properties e.g. colour and textures
- Collect, sort, name and match colours appropriate for an image
- Create and arrange shapes appropriately
- Select and use textured paper for an image
- Fold, crumble, tear and overlap papers and other materials
- Work on different scales
movement and areas of interest using different media
- Use collage as a means of collecting ideas and information and building a visual vocabulary
- Select and use found materials with art media and adhesives to assemble and represent an image or stimulus

