Wootton St Peter's School - Phonics Policy

As a school, we teach synthetic phonics as the initial approach to the teaching of reading. Our pupils learn to read and write effectively using the Read Write Inc (RWI) Phonics Programme created by Ruth Miskin which is a systematic programme for the teaching of phonics, reading, spelling and writing. We want all pupils to begin their journey to read with confidence, develop a love of reading and apply their skills competently to writing. We aim to ensure that all pupils can

- Decode letter-sound correspondences quickly and effortlessly, using their phonic knowledge and skills
- Read common exception words on sight
- Understand what they read
- Read aloud with fluency and expression
- · Write confidently, with a strong focus on vocabulary and grammar
- Spell quickly and easily by segmenting the sounds in words
- Learn letter formation

In Reception, Year One and Year Two, children have daily discrete Phonics lessons lasting 30 minutes. Pupils are split into small groups in which the work is matched at the correct level for the children. Phonics sessions involve reading and writing specific sounds in a variety of active and fun ways including games and stories.

Pupils are taught to work effectively with a partner for paired reading to explain and consolidate what they are learning. This provides the teacher with opportunities to assess learning and to pick up on difficulties, such as pupils' poor articulation, or problems with blending or alphabetic code knowledge.

Pupils have frequent practice in reading high frequency words with irregular spellings (common exception words). We make sure that pupils read books that are closely matched to their increasing knowledge of phonics and the common exception words. This is so that, early on, they experience success and gain confidence that they are readers. Re-reading and discussing these books with the teacher supports their increasingly fluent decoding.

The children's progress in Phonics is assessed each term. Those children who are at risk of falling behind the programme's pace and expectations are given additional support.

Children in Year One take part in the statutory Phonics Screening test during Term 6. The main purpose of this is to give a summative assessment of the children's progression in learning to read, over the previous two years. This is reported to parents at the end of the school year. Any child who doesn't pass the Phonics Test in Year One will retake in Year Two.

We aim for all children to complete the RWI programme before moving to KS2. Those children who have not reached the expected level by the time they leave KS1 will continue to access the RWI programme and receive additional targeted intervention to ensure they catch up with their peers. A small number of children may reach upper KS2 and continue to require support for reading.

Praise – Children learn quickly in a positive climate.

Pace – Good pace is essential to the lesson.

Purpose – Every part of the lesson has a specific purpose.

<u>Passion</u> – This is a very prescriptive programme. It is the energy, enthusiasm, and passion that teachers put into the lesson that bring the teaching and learning to life!

<u>Participation</u> – A strong feature of RWI lessons is partner work and the partners 'teaching' each other (based on research which states that we learn 70% of what we talk about with our partner and 90% of what we teach).

It is important to remember to never give up! Every child can learn to read if you persevere.

Parental Involvement

At Wootton School, we are fully committed to working in partnership with parents.

An introductory letter will provide parents with information about RWI and Phonics teaching at Wootton. Parent information meetings will be scheduled at the start of the academic year.

Parents should support their child with daily reading of the RWI Book Bag Books.

We also send home the book the children have read in their Phonics Group each week which they can confidently share with their families.

Assessment and Recording

Children are assessed throughout every lesson. Every time partner work is used the teacher assesses the progress of the children. The teacher assesses how children:

- · read the grapheme chart
- read the green and red word lists
- decode the ditty/story

Formal assessment is carried out each short term using the RWI Phonic checks.

Monitoring and Review

The Phonics Lead will

- Analyse the Phonics assessments to ensure pupils are in the correct groups and record children's progress.
- Carry out 'drops in' on RWI groups to give advice and to informally check that pupils are in the correct groups
- Where necessary model lessons.
- Provide training to ensure consistent whole-school practise.
- Liaise with the headteacher regarding groupings, teaching spaces and staff for Phonics groups.
- Be responsible for reporting to the governors about the quality of the implementation of Phonics Teaching.
- This Policy will be reviewed June 2026.

Date 27 th June 2024	
Written By Michaela Hicks	(Phonics Lead)
Headteacher	Charlie Pit

The following pack of materials is to help you support your child at home with their phonics journey. Please check the Ruth Miskin website for other parent support materials and videos, including how to pronounce the phonemes accurately! http://www.ruthmiskin.com/en/parents/

The children follow this progression in learning phonics:

	Speed Sounds Set 1														
m	α	S	d	†	i	n	р	9	0	С	k	u	b	f	e
I	h	sh	r	j	٧	У	w	th	Z	ch	9	×	ng	nk	
	Speed Sounds Set 2														
ay	,	ee	igh	ow	00	,	00	ar		or	air	ir		ou	oy
						Speed	d Sou	unds (Set 3						
ee	ea	oy	oi	ay	a-e	igh	i-6	e c	w	0-е	00	u-e	or	aw	air
are	ir	ur	er	ou	ow	ai	oc	ı e	ew .	ire	ear	ure	tion	cious	tious

Alongside these they also learn red words (tricky words), which are difficult to blend but are key words they need to read (eg. the, said, your).

You will find the green words are printed in order. The children work through set 1 sounds before moving on to set 2, and then the same for set 3. You will notice there are dots and lines under the different sounds – this is to help the children identify the phoneme and sound it out:

A line is placed under a phoneme that has more than one letter for the corresponding grapheme (a digraph, or trigraph).



A dot is placed under a phoneme that has only one letter for the corresponding grapheme (graph).

How to read and practise the words:

Green words:

Use Fred Talk – point with your finger under each phoneme as you make the sound, then run your finger under the whole word to blend those sounds together to say the word.

Over time, as they get more confident, encourage them to instant sound blend so they are saying the sounds in their head quickly then saying the word out loud. (Fred in your head)

Red words:

The children should be told these words and practise sight reading them (without blending).

Simple Speed Sounds Chart (for Set 1 and Set 2 Sounds)

f	l	m	ŗ	ı	r	S	V	2	Z	sh	th	ng nk
onsonan	ts: bou	ncy				3						
32. 1	c k	d	9	h	j	р	qu	ţ	W	Х	y	ch
owels: b	ouncy						Vou	vels: s	tretch	ny		
	W											

Complex Speed Sounds Chart (for Set 3 Sounds)

Consonants: stretchy

f	L	m	n	r	S	v	z	sh	th	ng
ff	11	mm	nn	rr	SS	ve	ZZ	ti		nk
ph	le	mb	kn	wr	se		5	ci		
					С		se			
					ce					

Consonants: bouncy

Ь	С	d	g	h	j	р	qu	t	w	×	у	ch
bb	k	dd	99		g	рр		tt	wh			tch
	ck				ge							
	ch				dge				1 1			

Vowels

а	e	Ĺ	O	и	ay	ee	igh	ow
	ea				á-e	y	€-e	6-€
)			ai	ea	ie	oa
					1	е	i	0
							y	

00	00	ar	or	air	ir	ou	oy	ire	ear	ure
î-e			oor	are	ur	ow	oi			
ue			ore		er					
ew			aw						1	
			au					8 1		

Red Words (Tricky Words)

Red for a while words These include graphemes that have not been taught by the time they are needed in the reading books. As soon as the grapheme has been taught, each of these turn into a green word! Practise these so they can read them by sight (not blending). You could cut them out to use for games (laminating might be useful!).

he	me	we
she	be	no
SO	go	old
her	saw	my
by	why	now
how	down	over
school		

Other Red Words:

I	the	you
your	said	was
are	of	want
they	to	do

does all call

tall	small	any
many	anyone	some
come	watch	who
where	there	here
were	brother	other
mother	father	love
above	two	once
buy	worse	walk
talk	caught	bought
thought	through	wear
whole	could	would

should	great	son
water		

Set 1 Sounds

1.1

ạţ	mat	ș <u>a</u> t
mad	ġġġ	sad

gap	pan	top
gọt	dog	pin
tip	pig.	dig
șiț	įţ	in
ọņ	ạṇḍ	ạņ

ńb	ċńb	mud
ķiţ	þed	get
met	bin	bad
cat	can	cot

hen	h <u>i</u> t	hạd
fạṇ	fat	log
<u>s</u> họp	fụņ	lip
fish	<u>ship</u>	let

jet	wet	vet
yes	w <u>ish</u>	мер
<u>yet</u>	jạṃ	yạp
jọg	wiņ	хи́ш
ŗạṭ	ŗęḍ	ŗųņ

w <u>ing</u>	<u>chi</u> ņ	thick
<u>chọp</u>	<u>chạt</u>	<u>quit</u>
quiz	sing	thing
bạn <u>g</u>	t <u>h</u> is	<u>thi</u> n
fix	six	zag
zip	fox	ρό×

șți <u>nk</u>	w <u>ink</u>	<u> back</u>
skin	slid	slip
grin	prop	pṛạṃ
from	ċḷip	gṛạṇ
ḥạṇḍ	stand	stamp
flop	frog	jump
<u> </u>	flag	<u>think</u>
sķip	best	trip
þļóþ	brat	drip
drop	blip	flu <u>ff</u>
dṛẹ <u>ss</u>	ḥụ <u>f</u> f	me <u>ss</u>
ţesţ	trap	spit
stob	spot	strop

Set 2 Sounds

2.1

play	may	say
day	way	spray

2.2

<u>șee</u>	b <u>ee</u> n	<u>seen</u>
<u>three</u>	gr <u>ee</u> n	sleep

2.3

<u>high</u>	<u>light</u>	<u> </u>
night	fright	might

<u> </u>	<u>low</u>	<u>know</u>
<u>sņow</u>	<u>show</u>	slow

<u>†00</u>	f <u>oo</u> ḍ	m <u>oo</u> n
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> şpoon</u>

ţ <u>oo</u> ķ	<u> </u>	ç <u>o</u> oķ
<u>ļoo</u> ķ	<u>shook</u>	<u>foo</u> t

2.7

ç <u>ar</u>	<u>par</u> t	<u>hard</u>
<u>șțar</u> ț	șț <u>a</u> r	<u>sharp</u>

ș <u>or</u> ț	<u>short</u>	<u> horse</u>
sport	f <u>or</u> k	sņ <u>o</u> rţ

<u>fair</u>	<u> ḥai</u> r	<u>chair</u>
șț <u>ai</u> r	<u>air</u>	<u>ļair</u>

<u>gir</u> !	<u>þir</u> ḍ	<u>third</u>
whirl	t <u>wir</u> l	<u>dir</u> t

2.11

<u>ou</u> †	<u>shout</u>	<u>lou</u> d
<u>mouth</u>	round	<u>found</u>

†oy	рох	<u>eņjoy</u>
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Set 3 Sounds

3.1

clean	dream	<u>șea</u> ț
scream	please	

<u>join</u> <u>voice</u> <u>coin</u>	
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make	çake	name
șame	late	date

smile	white	ņice
like	time	ḥịḍe

họme	hope	spoke
ņófe	þŗǫke	phone

rude	þrúte	June
3.7		
<u>saw</u>	<u>law</u>	dawn
ç <u>raw</u> !	<u>paw</u>	<u>yawn</u>
3.8		
<u>share</u>	dare	scare
<u>square</u>	<u> </u>	<u>çare</u>
3.9		
<u>burn</u>	<u>turn</u>	<u>spurt</u>
n <u>urse</u>	<u>purse</u>	<u>hurt</u>
3.10		
ņev <u>e</u> r	<u>better</u>	<u>weather</u>
<u>after</u>	proper	<u>corner</u>

<u> </u>	d <u>ow</u> ņ	<u> </u>
ċ <u>ow</u>	<u>town</u>	ņ <u>ow</u>

<u>pai</u> d	<u>train</u>	<u>paint</u>
<u>rain</u>		

3.13

<u>goat</u>	<u>boat</u>	<u>road</u>
<u>throat</u>	t <u>oa</u> st	<u>çoa</u> ț

3.14

<u>chew</u>	<u>new</u>	<u>blew</u>
flew	drew	<u>grew</u>

f <u>ire</u>	<u> hire</u>	<u>wire</u>
<u>bonfire</u>	<u>inspire</u>	conspire

<u>hear</u>	<u>dear</u>	<u>fear</u>
<u>near</u>	<u>year</u>	<u>ear</u>

picture	mixture	creature
fut <u>ure</u>	<u>adventure</u>	<u>temperature</u>

delicious	suspicious	<u>vicious</u>
scrumptious	precious	<u>ferocious</u>
<u>tradition</u>	<u>attention</u>	<u>celebration</u>
conversation	congratulation	exploration



Progress expectations

Reception

End of Autumn 1: Read single-letter Set 1 sounds.

End of Autumn term: Read all Set 1 sounds; blend sounds into words orally.

End of Spring 1: Blend sounds to read words; read short Ditty stories.

End of Spring term: Read Red Storybooks.

End of Summer 1: Read Green Storybooks; read some Set 2 sounds.

End of Summer term: Read Green or Purple Storybooks.

Year 1

End of Autumn 1: Read Purple Storybooks; read some Set 2 sounds.

End of Autumn term: Read Pink Storybooks; read all Set 2 sounds.

End of Spring 1: Read Orange Storybooks; read some Set 3 sounds.

End of Spring term: Read Yellow Storybooks.

End of Summer 1: Read Yellow Storybooks; read all of Set 3 sounds.

End of Summer term: Read Blue Storybooks.

Year 2

End of Autumn 1: Read Blue Storybooks.

End of Autumn term: Read Blue Storybooks with increasing fluency and comprehension.

End of Spring 1: Read Grey Storybooks.

End of Spring term: Read Grey Storybooks with fluency and comprehension.

End of Summer 1: Access RWI Comprehension and Spelling programmes.

End of Summer term: Access RWI Comprehension and Spelling programmes.